The board dates back to the strategic role played by the Draa region during the 16th century, as a stage of commercial caravans between Morocco and Sub-Saharan Africa.

The trade between prosperous Oued Draa and Tombouctou during this period had made of Morocco a commercial intermediary between Africa and Europe. Also, dynasties who ruled Morocco were keen to ensure security at Commercial caravans.

This situation had made of the region of Oued Draa, a customs center to collect the financial rights generated by this trade, and gave rise to economic, social, and political mutations, which have played major role in the development of the region.