THE BATTLE OF THE CANAL.

FIRST-HAND ACCOUNT—

FIGHTING ON LAND AND WATER.

We are able to publish this account of the battle as it has been furnished by a correspondent in the field.

The attack on the Suez Canal was carried out by the British and French forces on November 4, 1914. The British forces consisted of 20,000 troops under General Auchinleck, while the French forces consisted of 15,000 troops under General Gouraud.

The battle was fought with great intensity, and both sides suffered heavy losses. The British forces were eventually able to advance to within a few miles of the Suez Canal, but were unable to capture it.

The French forces were also able to advance, but were unable to capture the canal. The battle ended with both sides holding their positions.

The battle was a significant event in the history of the First World War, as it marked the first time that a major battle had been fought in the Middle East.

LAKE WAR VIEWS.

WORK OF FRENCH HARBOR.

[Map and diagram of the Suez Canal region]

[Image of a battle scene]

[Map of the Suez Canal region]

[Diagram of the battlefields]

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The Battle Of The Canal
(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.).

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